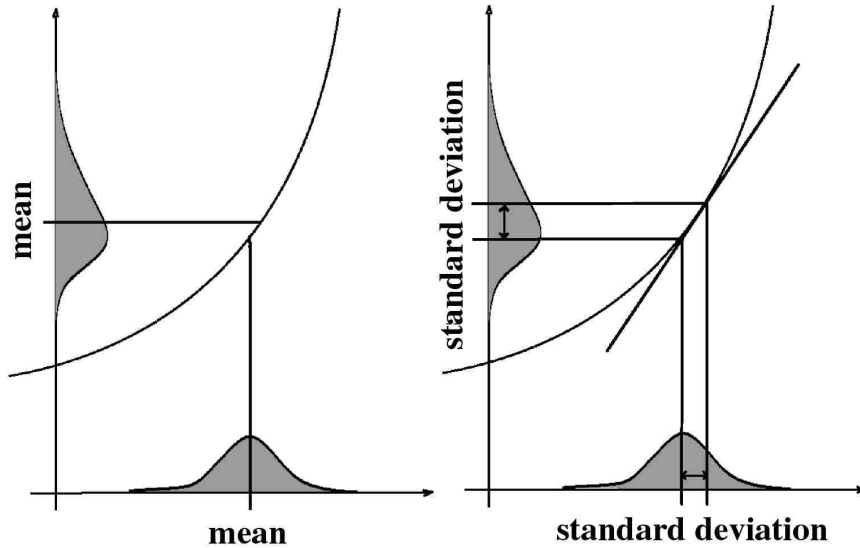


Examples of
sensitivity analysis of dynamical systems

- Magnitude of errors

2. The propagation of errors

let us apply successively non-linear applications



We observe the following properties

- The error doesn't remain centered : a bias appears
- The variances transmit with a first order differential calculus
$$\sigma_{n+1}^2 = f'_{n+1}(x_n) \sigma_n^2$$
- The biases and the variances keep (except special case) the same order of magnitude
- The biases follow a second order differential calculus involving the variances

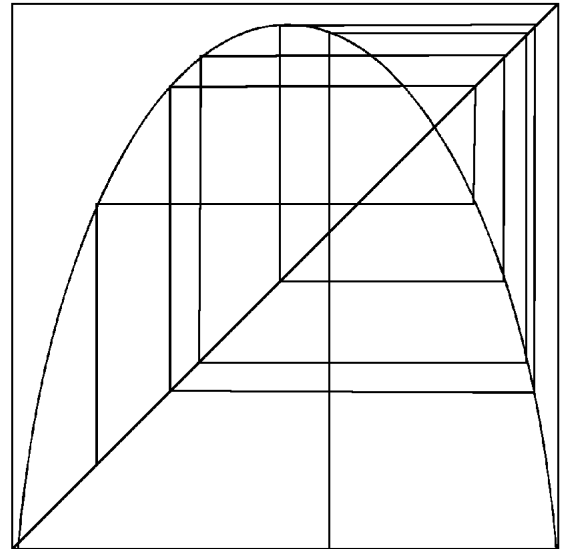
$$\text{bias}_{n+1} = f'_{n+1}(x_n) \text{bias}_n + \frac{1}{2} f''_{n+1}(x_n) \sigma_n^2$$

Calcul de sensibilité sur l'itération de l'équation logistique

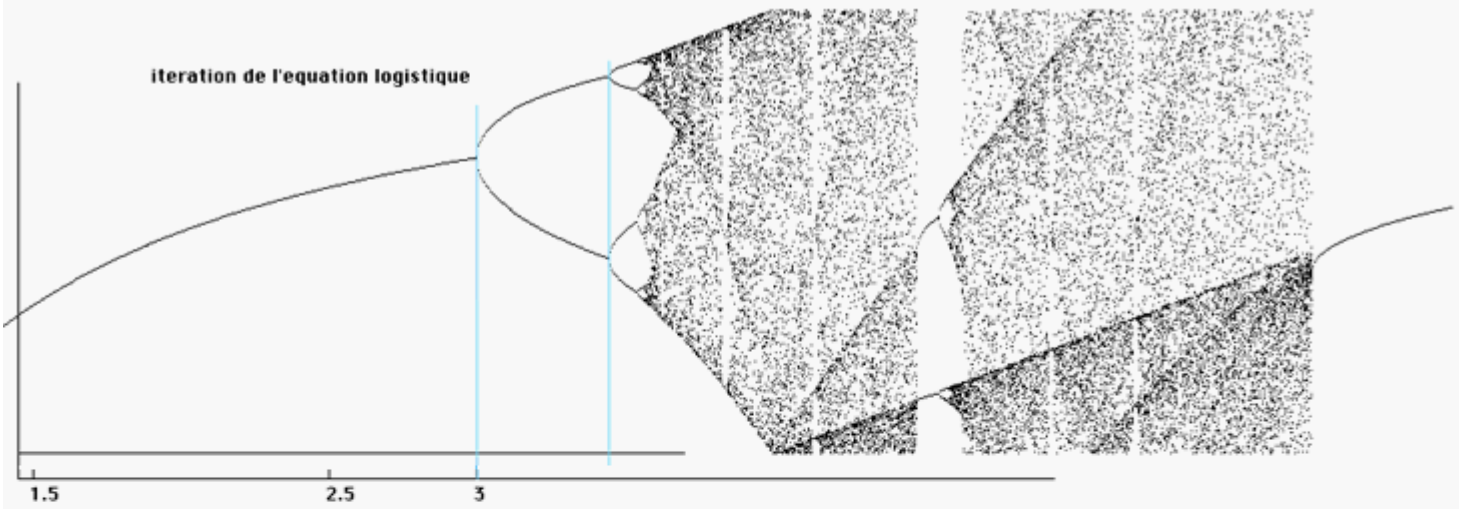
$$x_{n+1} = a x_n (1 - x_n)$$

$$\Gamma[x_{n+1}] = a^2 (1 - 2x_n)^2 \Gamma[x_n]$$

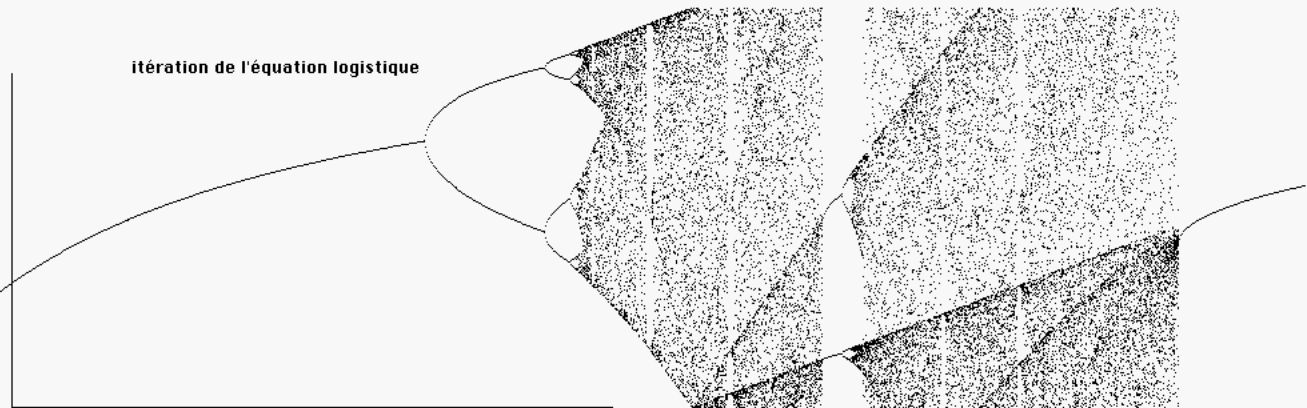
$$A[x_{n+1}] = a (1 - 2x_n) A[x_n] - a \Gamma[x_n]$$



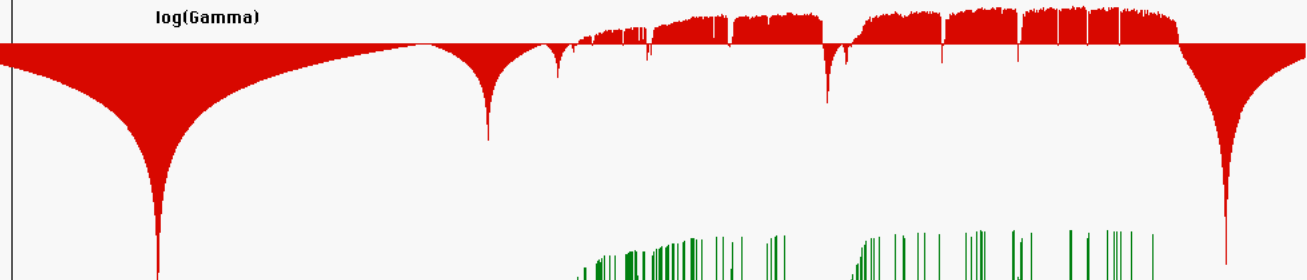
iteration de l'equation logistique



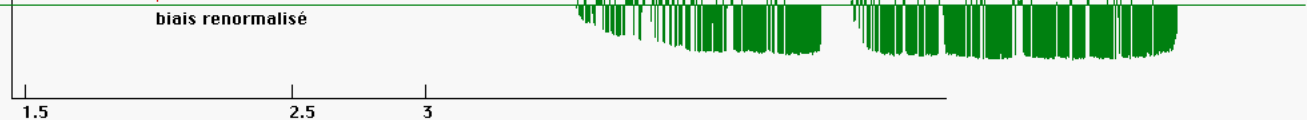
itération de l'équation logistique



$\log(\Gamma)$



biais renormalisé



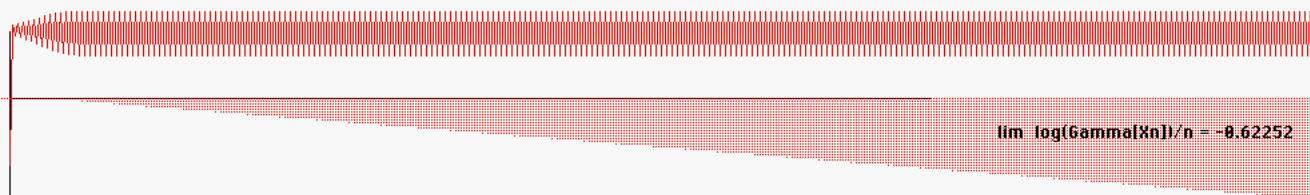
1.5

2.5

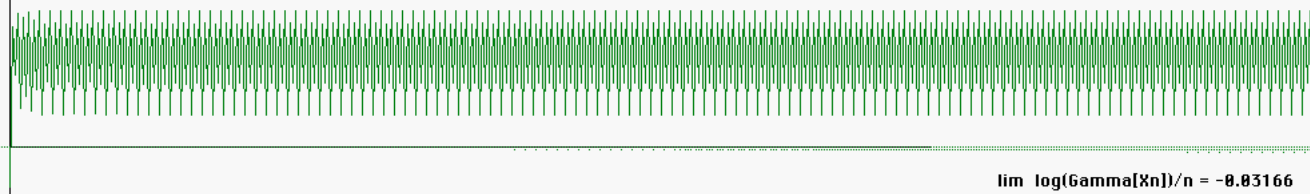
3

trajectoires et log(gamma)

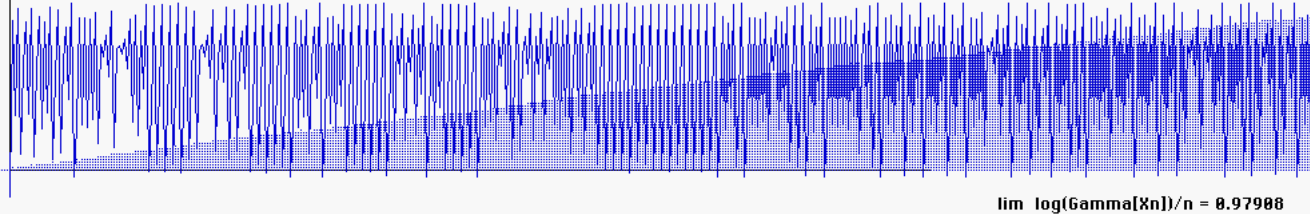
parametre = 3.114352987



parametre = 3.541382123



parametre = 3.892183456



trajectoires et biais

parametre = 3.114352987

biais

$\lim \log(\text{abs}(R[X_n]))/n = -0.30644$

parametre = 3.541382123

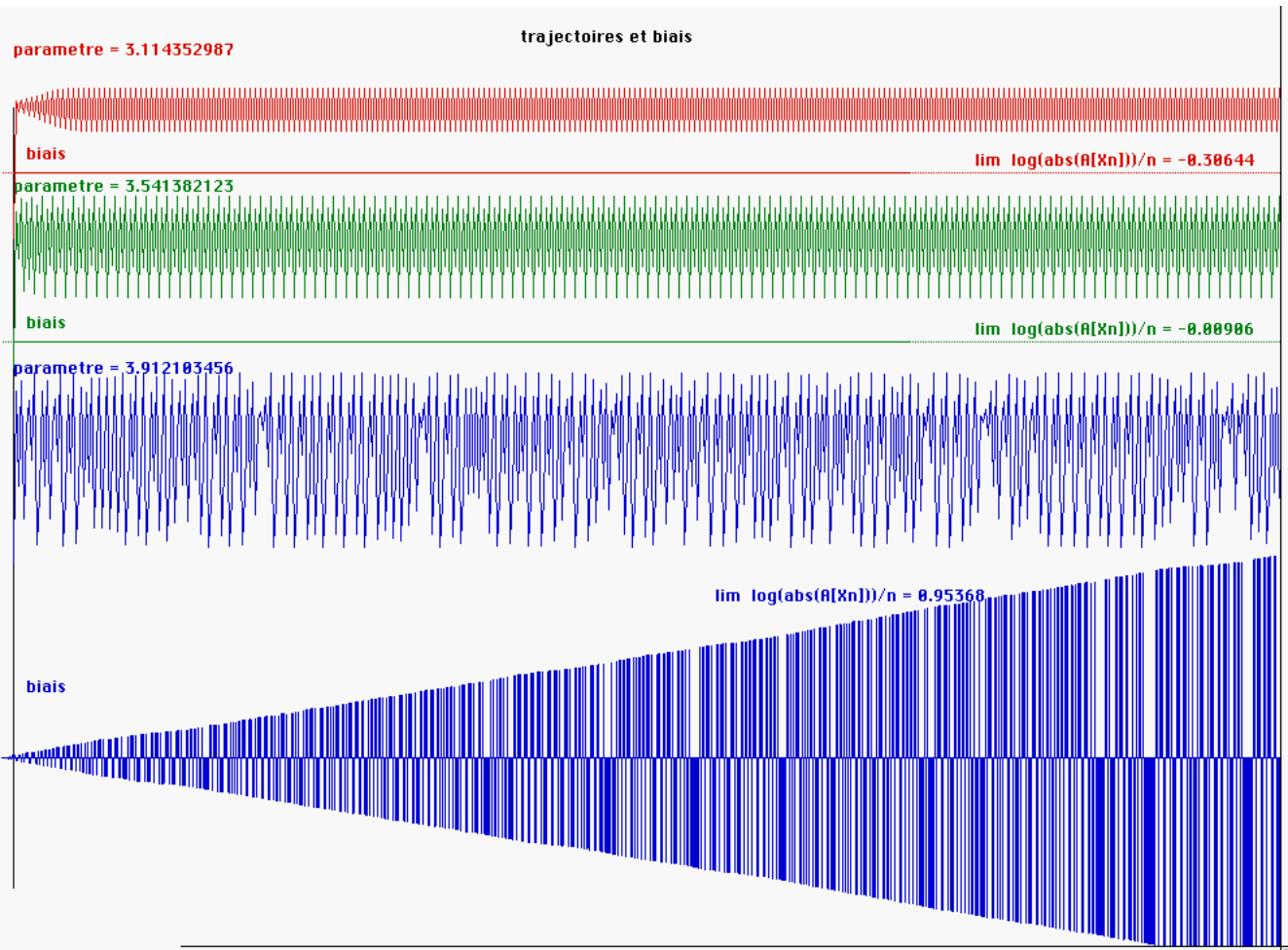
biais

$\lim \log(\text{abs}(R[X_n]))/n = -0.00906$

parametre = 3.912183456

biais

$\lim \log(\text{abs}(R[X_n]))/n = 0.95368$



Systeme dynamique de Lorenz

$$x' = a(y - x)$$

$$y' = bx - y - xz$$

$$z' = xy - cz$$

$$x = x_0 + \int_0^t a(y - x) dt$$

c'est-à-dire

$$y = y_0 + \int_0^t (bx - y - xz) dt$$

$$z = z_0 + \int_0^t (xy - cz) dt$$

Etude de la sensibilité en fonction du point de départ